

Separate Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

### **Power Generation Corporation 3 Corporate Information**

Establishment Decision No.	3025/QD-BCT	1 June 2012
	The establishment decision was iss and Trade	sued by the Ministry of Industry
Business Registration Certificate No.	350220839930	October 2013
	The business registration certificate Planning and Investment of Ba registered for the second amendmer	Ria – Vung Tau province and
Chairman	Mr Nguyen Van Le	
Board of Directors	Mr Dinh Quoc Lam Mr Truong Quoc Phuc Mr Phan Thanh Xuan Mr Le Van Danh Mr Cao Minh Trung Mr Nguyen Thanh Trung Duong	General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director
Registered Office	Phu My 1 Industrial Park, Phu My V Tan Thanh District, Ba Ria – Vung Vietnam	
Auditor	KPMG Limited Vietnam	

### **Power Generation Corporation 3 Statement of the Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors of Power Generation Corporation 3 ("the Corporation") presents this statement and the accompanying separate financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. In the opinion of the Board of Directors:

- (a) the separate financial statements set out on pages 6 to 49 give a true and fair view of the unconsolidated financial position of the Corporation as at 31 December 2015, and of the unconsolidated results of operations and the unconsolidated cash flows of the Corporation for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Corporation will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Directors has, on the date of this statement, authorised the accompanying separate financial statements for issue.

the Board of Directors ONG нн Phuc General Director

Ba Ria - Vung Tau Province, 9 April 2016



KPMG Limited Branch 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sun Wah Tower 115 Nguyen Hue Street, Ben Nghe Ward District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam +84 (28) 3821 9266 | kpmg.com.vn

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### To the Chairman and the Board of Directors Power Generation Corporation 3

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Power Generation Corporation 3 ("the Corporation"), which comprise the separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2015, the separate statements of income and cash flows for the year then ended and the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Corporation's Board of Directors on 9 April 2016, as set out on pages 6 to 49.

### **Management's Responsibility**

The Corporation's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Corporation's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion, the separate financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the unconsolidated financial position of Power Generation Corporation 3 as at 31 December 2015 and of its unconsolidated results of operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw the attention to Note 4(a)(ii) to the separate financial statements, the Coporation adopted Circular No. 179/2012/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 24 October 2012 ("Circular 179") which regulated the revaluation and recognition of foreign exchange differences by enterprises. Circular 179 replaces Circular No. 201/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance dated 15 October 2009 ("Circular 201"). Circular 179 stipulates the revaluation and recognition of foreign exchange differences arising from transactions in foreign currencies and balances of monetary items arising from 1 January 2012. Circular 179's guidance are essentially the same as the guidance related to foreign exchange differences of the Vietnamese Accounting Standards ("VAS 10") - "Effect of foreign exchange differences", except that the Corporation is allowed to continue to use Circular 201 for foreign exchange losses from revaluation of the closing balance at the end of the accounting period of long-term liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of previous years, before the effective date of Circular 179. This guidance of Circular 179 is different from VAS 10 and Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC of the Ministry of Finance dated 22 December 2014 as Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises ("Circular 200"). The effect of the Corporation's application of Circular 179 to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 is disclosed in Note 4(a)(ii) to the separate financial statements.

We also draw the attention to Note 4(a)(ii) disclosing that exchange losses arising from revaluation of the closing balances of long-term liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2015 was recognized in "Foreign exchange differences" in Equity rather than in financial expenses according to the Official Letter No. 3003/BTC/TCDN issued by Ministry of Finance dated 8 March 2016, which provides guidance on revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies for the year ended 2015 and the Official Letter No. 2239/VPCP-KTTH issued by the Government Office dated 4 April 2016 on the treatment of the exchange difference in 2015 by Vietnam Electricity. The guidance of these Official Letters are different from VAS 10 and Circular 200. The effect of the application of these Official Letters to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 are disclosed in Note 4(a)(ii) to the separate financial statements.

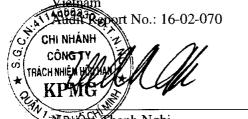


### **Other Matter**

The separate financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended 31 December 2014 were audited by another firm of auditors whose report dated 6 April 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion on the those reports, with emphasis on Foreign exchange differences and stock dividends that the Corporation received in 2013 from Vinh Son - Song Hinh Hydropower Joint Stock Company, an associate.

We have audited to express an opinion on these separate financial statements, as set out on pages 6 to 49. The supplementary information on page 50 is not an integral part of the separate financial statements and is not within the scope of our audit; therefore, we do not express an opinion on this information.

### KPMG Limited's Branch in Ho Chi Minh City



Neuroperind Manh Nghi Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No. 0304-2013-007-1 Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 9 April 2016

Mal

Nguyen Anh Tuan Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No. 0436-2013-007-1

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2015

### Form **B** 01 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Code	Note	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND (reclassified)
ASSETS				(Icclussificu)
Current assets (100 = 110 + 120 + 130 + 140 + 150)	100		11,801,725,886,253	9,238,613,211,291
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b> Cash Cash equivalents	<b>110</b> 111 112	5	<b>729,919,588,667</b> 526,919,588,667 203,000,000,000	<b>1,864,418,585,340</b> 1,858,418,585,340 6,000,000,000
Short-term financial investments Held-to-maturity investments	<b>120</b> 123	6(a)	<b>230,000,000,000</b> 230,000,000,000	<b>430,000,000,000</b> 430,000,000,000
Accounts receivable – short-term Accounts receivable from customers Prepayments to suppliers Other receivables	<b>130</b> 131 132 136	7 8	<b>8,470,350,142,225</b> 3,944,933,274,193 204,142,885,854 4,321,273,982,178	<b>4,944,831,562,590</b> 2,066,296,715,756 2,776,575,624,810 101,959,222,024
<b>Inventories</b> Inventories Allowance for inventories	<b>140</b> 141 149	9	<b>2,217,279,483,884</b> 2,219,485,968,930 (2,206,485,046)	<b>1,496,350,282,585</b> 1,504,037,639,503 (7,687,356,918)
Other current assets Short-term prepaid expenses Deductible value added tax Taxes and other receivables from State Treasury	<b>150</b> 151 152 153	14(b)	<b>154,176,671,477</b> 10,358,341,700 85,550,771,327 58,267,558,450	<b>503,012,780,776</b> 843,140,776 502,122,174,451 47,465,549

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2015 (continued)

Form B 01 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Mã số	Thuyết minh	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND (reclassified)
Long-term assets (200 = 210 + 220 + 240 + 250 + 260)	200		70,484,476,537,629	71,657,353,804,642
Accounts receivable – long-term	210		12,000,000	12,000,000
Other long-term receivables	216		12,000,000	12,000,000
Fixed assets	220		66,219,241,053,470	13,203,289,798,774
Tangible fixed assets	221	10	66,149,504,189,725	13,140,792,922,317
Čost	222		104,261,861,333,547	47,051,076,326,242
Accumulated depreciation	223		(38,112,357,143,822)	(33,910,283,403,925)
Intangible fixed assets	227	11	69,736,863,745	62,496,876,457
Cost	228		79,216,773,058	70,086,738,689
Accumulated amortisation	229		(9,479,909,313)	(7,589,862,232)
Long-term work in progress	240		2,623,543,802,603	56,899,257,645,196
Construction in progress	242	12	2,623,543,802,603	56,899,257,645,196
Long-term financial investments	250	6(b)	1,616,348,286,477	1,501,311,982,438
Investments in subsidiaries	251		666,726,274,039	551,689,970,000
Investments in associates	252		791,558,350,850	791,558,350,850
Equity investments in other entities	253		158,063,661,588	158,063,661,588
Other long-term assets	260		25,331,395,079	53,482,378,234
Long-term prepaid expenses	261		24,503,215,079	53,482,378,234
Long-term tools, supplies and spare parts	263		828,180,000	-
TOTAL ASSETS (270 = 100 + 200)	270	-	82,286,202,423,882	80,895,967,015,933

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2015 (continued)

### Form B 01 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Code	Note	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
RESOURCES				
LIABILITIES (300 = 310 + 330)	300		74,859,402,699,080	71,087,023,898,840
Current liabilities	310		9,990,667,975,125	16,427,452,117,792
Accounts payable to suppliers	311	13	5,566,168,847,491	7,678,809,374,117
Advances from customers	312		-	228,979,723
Taxes and other payables to State			117,374,144,750	
Treasury	313	14(a)		171,251,752,692
Payables to employees	314		127,090,735,196	143,310,351,598
Accrued expenses	315		57,893,608,251	46,226,524,492
Unearned revenue	318		15,835,445,820	-
Other payables	319	15	689,251,880,779	1,019,998,204,369
Short-term borrowings	320	16(a)	3,291,345,014,166	7,284,253,550,749
Bonus and welfare funds	322		125,708,298,672	83,373,380,052
Long-term liabilities	330		64,868,734,723,955	54,659,571,781,048
Unearned revenue	336		424,430,009,826	3,912,458,454
Long-term borrowings	338	16(b)	64,444,304,714,129	54,655,659,322,594
EQUITY (400 = 410)	400		7,426,799,724,802	9,808,943,117,093
Owners' equity	410	17	7,426,799,724,802	9,808,943,117,093
Contributed capital	411	18	10,561,460,840,439	10,487,655,874,046
Other capital	414		1,566,487,558	-
Foreign exchange differences	417		(3,316,477,195,659)	(810,942,597,255)
Investment and development fund	418		65,664,222,531	18,940,437,443
Retained profits	421		-	2,695,975,257
- Retained profits brought forward	421a		-	624,542,340
- Retained profit for the current			-	2,071,432,917
year	421b			
Capital expenditure fund	422		114,585,369,933	110,593,427,602
TOTAL RESOURCES (440 = 300 + 400)	440		82,286,202,423,882	80,895,967,015,933

9 April 2016

Prepared by:

Vu Phuong Thao Preparer

ΔNF CÔ PHĂŦĐ 14.7.BAFHEROng Quoc Phuc Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong Deputy General Director Chief Accountant

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate statement of income for the year ended 31 December 2015

Form B 02 - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Code	Note	2015 VND	2014 VND
Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services	01	21	25,496,867,199,477	23,569,780,612,466
Cost of sales	11	22	23,253,099,580,213	21,696,141,707,432
Gross profit (20 = 01 - 11)	20	-	2,243,767,619,264	1,873,638,905,034
Financial income	21	23	234,620,806,425	847,789,781,142
Financial expenses	22	24	2,183,476,499,909	2,356,536,841,835
In which: Interest expense	23		1,709,696,234,008	1,146,659,420,142
General and administration				
expenses	26	25	171,699,158,895	147,881,380,270
Net operating profit {30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - 26}	30		123,212,766,885	217,010,464,071
Other income	31		17,292,322,449	45,995,124,782
Other expenses	32		35,737,233,544	32,703,796,638
Results of other activities (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(18,444,911,095)	13,291,328,144
Accounting profit before tax $(50 = 30 + 40)$	50		104,767,855,790	230,301,792,215
Income tax expense – current	51	27	478,606,367	38,996,679,478
Net profit after tax (60 = 50 - 51)	60		104,289,249,423	191,305,112,737

9 April 2016 Prepared by: WHAT BATHE BONG Quoc Phuc Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong Vu Phuong Thao Chief Accountant Deputy General Director Preparer

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 (Indirect method)

### Form B 03 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Code Note	2015 VND	2014 VND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AC	CTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	01	104,767,855,790	230,301,792,215
Adjustments for			2 227 026 026 221
Depreciation and amortisation	02	4,225,805,876,869	3,237,926,026,231
Allowances and provisions Exchange losses arising from revaluation of monetary items	03	(5,480,871,872)	595,911,555
denominated in foreign currencies	04	401,565,731,075	38,528,152,971
Profits from investing activities	05	(230,914,725,845)	(80,338,073,770)
Interest expense	06	1,709,696,234,008	1,146,659,420,142
Operating profit before changes in working capital	08	6,205,440,100,025	4,973,673,229,344
Change in receivables	09	(6,158,398,276,012)	(3,959,432,031,869)
Change in inventories	10	(716,276,509,427)	(207,848,680,850)
Change in payables and other liabilities	11	1,865,948,136,720	10,951,415,774,168
Change in prepaid expenses	12	19,463,962,231	(59,241,269,314)
		1,216,177,413,537	11,698,567,021,479
Interest paid	14	(1,577,512,751,061)	(1,800,449,939,831)
Income tax paid	15	(79,564,639,589)	(71,321,357,474)
Other payments for operating activities	17	(28,017,569,249)	(45,907,235,116)
Net cash flows from operating activities	20	(468,917,546,362)	9,780,888,489,058
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING AC	TIVITIES		
Payments for additions to fixed assets and other long-term assets Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets Payments for investment in term	21 22	(4,115,143,825,197) 1,272,092,678	(28,067,598,627,273) 133,746,427
deposits Proceeds from investment in term	23	-	(50,000,000,000)
deposits	24	200,000,000,000	70,000,000,000
Receipts of interests and dividends	27	302,548,562,797	133,936,074,236
Transfer entities to Vietnam Electricity (net cash)	21	(169,114,006)	-
Net cash flows from investing activities	30	(3,611,492,283,728)	(27,913,528,806,610)

### Power Generation Corporation 3 Separate statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 (Indirect method - continued)

### Form **B** 03 – **D**N

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Code I	Note	2015 VND	2014 VND
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING A	CTIVIT	IES		
Proceeds from borrowings Payments to settle loan principals	33 34		16,072,972,468,931 (13,127,061,635,514)	21,249,992,224,140 (3,341,205,759,004)
Net cash flows from financing activities	40		2,945,910,833,417	17,908,786,465,136
Net cash flows during the year $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		(1,134,498,996,673)	(223,853,852,416)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60		1,864,418,585,340	2,088,263,240,763
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	61		-	9,196,993
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year $(70 = 50 + 60 + 61)$	70	5	729,919,588,667	1,864,418,585,340

Prepared by:

Vu Phuong Thao Preparer

9 April 2016 W.T.BAR

Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong Chief Accountant

BARF Hoong Quoc Phuc Deputy General Director

Form B 09 – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying separate financial statements.

### 1. Reporting entity

### (a) Ownership structure

Power Generation Corporation 3 ("the Corporation") was incorporated under Decision No. 3025/QD-BCT dated 1 June 2012 issued by the Ministry of Industry and Trade, operated in form of Corporation – Subsidiary owned by Vietnam Electricity ("EVN"), on the basis of re-organizing Phu My Thermal Power One Member Limited Company, certain power generation companies, certain power project management units ("PMU") and receipt of the representative right for the government's ownership in some power generation companies owned by Vietnam Electricity.

The Corporation operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 3502208399 dated 26 November 2012 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ba Ria – Vung Tau Province.

### (b) **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Corporation are to produce and trade electricity; provide operation and maintenance management, overhaul, renovation, upgrading electrical equipment, electrical constructions; in addition, the Corporation also operates in science, technology, research and development, training to serve its principal activities.

### (c) Normal operating cycle

The normal operating cycle of the Corporation is generally within 12 months.

### (d) Corporation structure

The organisational structure of the Corporation includes:

- Dependent power generation companies: Buon Kuop Hydropower Company, Vinh Tan Thermal Power Company, Mong Duong Thermal Power Company;
- Power project management units: Project Management Unit of Thermal Power 1, Project Management Unit of Vinh Tan Thermal Power; Project Management Unit of Thai Binh Thermal Power;
- Phu My Thermal Power Plant;
- The Corporation's office.

As at 31 December 2015, the Corporation had 3 subsidiaries and 3 associates (1/1/2015: 2 subsidiaries and 3 associates) listed in Note 6(b).

As at 31 December 2015, the Corporation had 1,922 employees (1/1/2015: 1,711 employees).

Form **B** 09 – **DN** 

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 2. Basis of preparation

### (a) Statement of compliance

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. The Corporation prepares and issues its consolidated financial statements separately. For a comprehensive understanding of the Corporation's consolidated financial position, its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows, these separate financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Basis of measurement

The separate financial statements, except for the separate statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The separate statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

### (c) Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Corporation is from 1 January to 31 December.

### (d) Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for financial statement presentation purpose.

### 3. Adoption of new guidance on accounting system for enterprises

On 22 December 2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance on Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises ("Circular 200"). Circular 200 replaces previous guidance on Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises under Decision No. 15/2006/QD-BTC dated 20 March 2006 and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated 31 December 2009. Circular 200 is effective after 45 days from the signing date and applicable for annual accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

The Corporation has adopted the applicable requirements of Circular 200 effective from 1 January 2015 on a prospective basis. The significant changes to the Corporation's accounting policies and the effects on the separate financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 4(a).

### Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

Form **B** 09 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Corporation in the preparation of these separate financial statements.

### (a) Foreign currency

### (i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than VND during the year have been translated into VND at actual rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. The actual rates of exchange applied to account for foreign currency transaction are determined as follows:

- Exchange rate applied to buying or selling foreign currency is the exchange rate stipulated in the currency exchange contract between the Corporation and the bank.
- Exchange rate applied to recognise trade and other payables is the foreign currency selling rate at the transaction date quoted by the bank through which the Company intends to make payment for the liability.
- For asset acquisitions or expenses that are settled with immediate payment, the exchange rate applied is the foreign currency buying rate at the transaction date quoted by the bank through which the Company makes payment.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at actual rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The actual rates of exchange applied to retranslate monetary items denominated in foreign currency at reporting date are determined as follows:

- For monetary assets (cash and receivables): the foreign currency buying rate at the reporting date quoted by the commercial bank where the Corporation most frequently conducts transactions. Cash at banks and bank deposits are retranslated using the foreign currency buying rate of the bank where the Company deposits the money or maintains those bank accounts.
- For monetary liabilities (payables and borrowings): the foreign currency selling rate at reporting date quoted by the commercial bank where the Corporation most frequently conducts transactions.

Liabilities with Vietnam Electricity at the end of the annual accounting period are transalted at the selling rate (by transfer) of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam announced at the time of reporting under the guidance of Official Letter No. 1779/BTC-CĐKT dated 1 February 2013 of the Ministry of Finance on the use of exchange rates to revaluate monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the period ("Official Letter 1779") and Official Letter No. 4962/EVN-TCKT dated 25 November 2015 of Vietnam Electricity on guiding the preparation of financial statements in 2015 ("Official Letter 4962").

Except for the special accounting policies set out below, all foreign exchange differences are recorded in the separate statement of income.

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

Form **B** 09 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### (ii) Foreign exchange differences due to revaluation of the balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies

Prior to 1 January 2016, the Coporation adopted Circular No. 179/2012/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 24 October 2012 ("Circular 179") which regulated the revaluation and recognition of foreign exchange differences by enterprises. This Circular replaces Circular No. 201/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance dated 15 October 2009 ("Circular 201"). Circular 179 stipulates the revaluation and recognition of foreign exchange differences arising from transactions in foreign currencies and balances of monetary items arising from 1 January 2012. Circular 179's guidance are essentially the same as the guidance related to foreign exchange differences of the Vietnam Accounting Standards ("VAS 10") - "Effect of foreign exchange differences", except that the Corporation is allowed to continue to use Circular 201 for foreign exchange losses from revaluation of the closing balance at the end of the accounting period of long-term liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of previous years, before the effective date of Circular 179. If the Corporation applied the VAS 10 for the recognition of foreign exchange differences" in equity as at 1 January 2015 would be reduced by VND 810,942,597,255.

On 22 December 2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC as the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises ("Circular 200"). Circular 200 replaces the provisions of Accounting System for enterprises issued under Decision No. 15/2006/QD-BTC dated 20 March 2006 and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated 31 December 2009 by the Ministry of Finance. Article 69 of Circular 200 specifies that all foreign exchange differences are immediately recorded in the financial income (if gain) or financial expenses (if loss) as incurred. Foreign exchange differences in the pre-operation period of 100% State-owned enterprises which implement key national projects or works attached to the mission of stabilizing the macro-economy, security, defense are accumulated and recorded in "Foreign exchange difference" and is gradually allocated to financial income or financial expenses when the enterprise starts commercial operation. However, foreign exchange differences due to revaluation the closing balance of long-term liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2015 are recognized in the "Foreign exchange differences", rather than in financial expenses, according to the Official Letter 3003/BTC-TCDN dated 8 March 2016 by the Ministry of Finance on the treatment of foreign exchange differences from revaluation of monetary items in foreign currency at the end of 2015 ("Official Letter 3003") and Official Letter 2239/VPCP-KTTH of the Government Office dated 4 April 2016 on the treatment of foreign exchange differences in 2015 of the Vietnam Electricity ("Official Letter 2239"). If the Corporation recognised foreign exchange differences consistently with Circular 200, the Corporation's profit before tax for the year ended 31 December 2015 would decrease by VND2,505,534,598,404 and the unrealized foreign exchange losses recognized in "Foreign exchange differences" in equity as at 31 December 2015 would decrease by VND2,505,534,598,404.

The Corporation's Board of Directors decided to apply the guidance of Circular 179, Official Letter 3003 and Official Letter 2239 in recognition of foreign exchange differences and believed that such application together with disclosure of full information about the difference from application under guidance under VAS 10 and Circular 200 will provide sufficient information for users of the separate financial statements.

For units of power projects within the National Electricity Development Plan approved by the Prime Minister, foreign exchange differences in the construction period shall be accumulated and allocated to expenses or income for the period not exceeding 5 years from the date the project starts its commercial operation pursuant to Decree No. 82/2014/ND-CP dated 25 August 2014.

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(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash balances and call deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

### (c) Investments

### (i) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are those that the Corporation's management has the intention and ability to hold until maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits at bank, bonds, redeemable preference shares which the issuers are required to repurchase at a certain date and loans receivable held to maturity. These investments are stated at costs less allowance for doubtful debts.

### (ii) Investments in subsidiaries and associates

For the purpose of these separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates are initially recognised at cost which includes purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in investment value if the investee has suffered a loss, except where such a loss was anticipated by the Corporation's management before making the investment. The allowance is reversed if the investee subsequently made a profit that offsets the previous loss for which the allowance had been made. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

### (iii) Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognised at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investment are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in investment values if the investee has suffered a loss, except where such a loss was anticipated by the Corporation's management before making the investment. The allowance is reversed if the investee subsequently made a profit that offsets the previous loss for which the allowance had been made. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

### (d) Accounts receivable

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

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### (e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost in the case of work in progress includes raw materials, direct labour and attributable manufacturing overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventory items, less the estimated costs of completion and direct selling expenses.

The Corporation applies the perpetual method of accounting for inventories.

### (f) Tangible fixed assets

### (i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. For property, plant and equipment formed through construction under contractual assignment or self-construction and manufacturing, cost is the finalisation price of construction works in accordance with the current Investment and Construction Management Regulation, other directly attributable costs and registration fee (if any). In case the construction has been completed and put into use but the finalisation is not approved, cost of items of property, plant and equipment is stated at estimated cost. The estimated cost is determined in the following methods: by investment cost if all construction costs are collected, by the approved budget or by value of the equivalent assets. Expenditure incurred after tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repair, maintenance and overhaul cost, is charged to the statement of income in the year in which the cost is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

### (ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

•	buildings and structures	10 – 30 years
•	machinery and equipment	5 – 20 years
•	motor vehicles	6 – 20 years
•	office equipment	3 – 8 years
	other assets	5-10 years

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(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### (g) Intangible fixed assets

### (i) Land use rights

Land use rights comprise:

- those granted by the State for which land use payments are collected;
- those acquired in a legitimate transfer; and
- rights to use leased land obtained before the effective date of Land Law (2003) for which payments
  have been made in advance for more than 5 years and supported by land use right certificate issued
  by competent authority.

Land use rights with definite term are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. The initial cost of land use rights comprises any directly attributable costs incurred in conjunction with securing the land use rights. Amortisation is computed on a straight-line basis over 50 years.

Land use rights with indefinite term are stated at cost and not amortised.

### (ii) Software

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalised and treated as an intangible asset. Software cost is amortised on a straight-line basis over 10 years.

### (iii) Technology transfer rights

Technology transfer rights are stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over 10 years.

### (h) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of construction and machinery which have not been fully completed or installed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction and installation.

### (i) Long-term prepaid expenses

### Tools and instruments

Tools and instruments include assets held for use by the Corporation in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulation. Cost of tools and instruments are amortised on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

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### (j) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their cost.

### (k) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Corporation has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

### (l) Contributed capital

Contributed capital is recognized on the contribution date at the actual amount contributed less any directly attributable transaction costs.

### (m) Investment and development fund

The Corporation's investment and development fund is set up and used in accordance with Decree No. 82/2014/ND-CP ("Decree No. 82") dated 25 August 2014 issued by the Government on the financial management regulations of Vietnam Electricity.

### (n) Taxation

Income tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the separate statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the end of the annual accounting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the annual accounting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

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(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### (o) Revenue and other income

### (i) Electricity sold

Revenue from sales of electricity is recognised in the separate statement of income based on electricity output generated to the electricity grid and confirmed by customers. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

### (ii) Services rendered

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in the separate statement of income in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to surveys of work performed. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

### (iii) Rental income

Rental income from leased property is recognised in the separate statement of income on a straightline basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income.

### (iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

### (v) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established. Dividends received which are attributable to the period before investment acquisition date are deducted from the carrying amount of the investment.

### (p) Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the separate statement of income on a straightline basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the separate statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense.

### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred, except where the borrowing costs relate to borrowings in respect of the construction of qualifying assets, in which case the borrowing costs incurred during the period of construction are capitalised as part of the cost of the assets concerned.

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### (r) Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Corporation if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or where the Corporation and the other party are subject to common control or significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and include close family members of any individual considered to be a related party.

### 5. Cash and cash equivalents

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Cash on hand Cash in banks Cash equivalents	932,367,577 525,987,221,090 203,000,000,000	823,664,349 1,857,594,920,991 6,000,000,000
	729,919,588,667	1,864,418,585,340

Cash equivalents represented term deposits with original term of 1 and 3 months at banks and other credit institutions, earned interest at rates of 4.6% per annum (2014: 5% per annum).

### 6. Investments

### (a) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments represented term deposits with original term of 6 months at EVN Finance Joint Stock Company, a related party, earned interest at rates of 5.1% per annum (1/1/2015: 5% per annum).

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)	the year ended 31 Decem	ber 20	15 (con	tinued)				
					(Issued u dated 22 Decem	nder Circ ber 2014	ular No. 2 of the Mir	Form B 09 – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)
Equity investments in other entities								
				31/12/2015	2015		1/1/2015	015
	Address		% of equity owned	% of voting rights	Carrying amount VND	% of equity owned	% of voting rights	Carrying amount VND
<ul> <li>Equity investments in subsidiaries</li> <li>Ba Ria Thermal Power Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Ninh Binh Thermal Power Joint Stock Company</li> </ul>	Ba Ria Vung Tau Province Ninh Binh Province	(ii)	79.56% 54.76%	79.56% 54.76%	481,235,570,000 70,454,400,000	79.56% 54.76%	79.56% 54.76%	481,235,570,000 70,454,400,000
<ul> <li>Thu Duc Thermal Power One Member Limited Liability Company</li> </ul>	Ho Chi Minh City	(iii)	100%	100%	115,036,304,039	I	·	
					666,726,274,039		I <b>II</b>	551,689,970,000
Equity investments in associates Thac Ba Hydropower Joint Stock Company	Yen Bai Province	(iv)	30%	30%	190,500,000,000	30%	30%	190,500,000,000
Vinh Son - Song Hinh Hydropower Joint Stock Company	Binh Dinh Province	Ń	30.55%	30.55%	517,058,350,850 30.55%	30.55%	30.55%	517,058,350,850
<ul> <li>Se San 3A Power Investment and Development Joint Stock Company</li> </ul>	Gia Lai Province	(vi)	30%	30%	84,000,000,000	30%	30%	84,000,000,000
					791,558,350,850		I	791,558,350,850
Equity investments in other entities <ul> <li>PetroVietnam Power Nhon Trach 2 Joint Stock</li> <li>Company</li> <li>Alstom DMTD Dower Service I imited I isbility</li> </ul>	Dong Nai		2.50%	·	64,000,000,000	2.50%		64,000,000,000
	Ba Ria Vung Tau Province Ha Noi City		15% 0.65%	15% -	74,463,661,588 19,600,000,000	15% 0.65%	15%	74,463,661,588 19,600,000,000
					158,063,661,588		E I	158,063,661,588

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- (i) Ba Ria Thermal Power Joint Stock Company was converted from a state-owned enterprise under Decision No. 2744/QD-BCN dated 26 August 2005 by the Ministry of Industry and Business Registration Certificate No. 4903000451 dated 1 November 2007 by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ba Ria – Vung Tau Province. The principal activities of Ba Ria Thermal Power Joint Stock Company are to produce and trade electricity.
- (ii) Ninh Binh Thermal Power Joint Stock Company was established on the basis of capitalization of Ninh Binh Thermal Power Company under Decision No. 3945/QD-BCN dated 29 December 2006 of the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The principal activities of Ninh Binh Thermal Power Joint Stock Company are to produce and trade electricity.
- (iii) Thu Duc Thermal Power One Member Limited Company is a state-owned enterprise established under Decision No. 240/2005/QD-TT dated 4 October 2005 by the Prime Minister regarding to converting Thu Duc Thermal Power Plant to the Thu Duc Thermal Power One-member Limited Company. The principal activities of Thu Duc Thermal Power One Member Limited Company are to produce and trade electricity.
- (iv) Thac Ba Hydropower Joint Stock Company was incorporated under Business Registration Certificate No.1603000069 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Yen Bai Province dated 31 March 2006. The principal activities of Thac Ba Hydropower Joint Stock Company are to produce and trade electricity.
- (v) Vinh Son Song Hinh Hydropower JSC was converted from a state-owned enterprise Vinh Son Song Hinh Hydropower Plant, a dependent accounting unit of Vietnam Electricity. On 4 May 2005, the Plant was officially converted to Vinh Son – Song Hinh Hydropower JSC under Business Registration Certificate No. 3503000058 dated 4 May 2005 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Binh Dinh province. The principal activities of Vinh Son – Song Hinh Hydropower JSC are to produce and trade electricity.
- (vi) Se San 3A Power Investment and Development JSC officially went into operation on 1 November 2003 under Official Letter No. 1391/CP-CN dated 10 October 2003 of the Prime Minister. The principal activities of Se San 3A Power Investment and Development JSC are to construct civil works, invest and construct hydropower projects and industrial construction.

### 7. Accounts receivable from customers

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
<b>Related party</b> Trading Electricity Company	3,940,318,721,658	2,061,882,204,632
Third party Other customers	4,614,552,535	4,414,511,124
	3,944,933,274,193	2,066,296,715,756

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 8. Other receivables

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND (reclassified)
Vietnam Electricity (i) Thermal Power 3 Project EVN Finance Joint Stock Company Dividends Others	4,223,779,810,981 833,367,237 5,302,777,777 91,358,026,183	833,367,237 3,707,500,000 71,779,948,000 25,638,406,787
	4,321,273,982,178	101,959,222,024

 In this balance, there was VND3,890,576,415,008 which was invested in the Vinh Tan 4 Thermal Power Project by the Corporation. This project was transferred to Vietnam Electricity during the year. (Note 30).

### 9. Inventories

	31/12/2	2015	1/1/20	)15
	Cost VND	Allowance VND	Cost VND	Allowance VND
Goods in transit	121,911,375,456	-	-	-
Raw materials	2,069,853,946,005	(2,206,485,046)	1,344,864,295,674	(7,687,356,918)
Tools and supplies	11,904,430,327	-	4,339,305,230	-
Work in progress	15,816,217,142	-	154,834,038,599	-
	2,219,485,968,930	(2,206,485,046)	1,504,037,639,503	(7,687,356,918)

Movements of allowance for inventories during the year were as follows:

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Opening balance Additions during the year Reversal	7,687,356,918 - (5,480,871,872)	7,091,445,363 595,911,555 -
	2,206,485,046	7,687,356,918

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Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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Form B 09 – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 10. Tangible fixed assets

	Buildings and structures VND	Machinery and equipment VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Other assets VND	Total VND
Cost Opening balance Additions	7,848,534,289,511 2,856,580,336	35,658,884,320,453 11,510,426,714	3,491,237,735,764 9,294,988,635	47,706,546,339 5,357,901,355	4,713,434,175 1,467,048,700	47,051,076,326,242 30,486,945,740
Transfer from construction in progress (note 12) Receipt from Vietnam Electricity Transfer to Vietnam Electricity Internal transfer Reclassifications Disposals Decreases due to finalisation	11,110,409,009,049 - (15,974,019,254) (13,673,320,283) (1,090,488,847,760) (3,862,656,000) (2,833,652,072)	43,248,262,587,895 - (361,850,000) 816,055,726,491 (125,087,139) -	2,840,646,286,146 - (8,473,688,275) 13,673,320,283 289,226,853,467 (1,200,000) (1,200,000) (2,337,801,889)	$\begin{array}{c} 1,647,689,778\\ 1,103,448,000\\ (475,607,038)\\ \cdot\\ \cdot\\ (589,929,495)\\ \cdot\\ \cdot\\ (291,940,339)\end{array}$	- - (38,460,000) - -	57,200,965,572,868 1,103,448,000 (25,323,624,567) 14,203,802,703 (5,187,743,139) (5,463,394,300)
Closing balance	17,834,967,383,527	79,734,226,124,414	6,632,067,694,131	54,458,108,600	6,142,022,875	104,261,861,333,547
Accumulated depreciation Opening balance Charge for the year Transfer to Vietnam Electricity Reclassifications Disposals Decreases due to finalisation	3,973,810,619,397 536,708,449,371 (5,406,022,025) (6,732,289,197) (3,037,009,818) (3,210,949,862)	28,336,532,068,684 3,366,432,304,287 (360,285,014) 1,074,089,974 (93,781,613)	1,581,059,523,462 311,503,595,726 (5,554,307,154) 5,610,703,043 (1,097,143,048) (2,337,801,889)	18,190,248,112 8,794,861,985 (417,611,438) 47,496,180 - (291,940,339)	690,944,270 476,618,419 (35,237,691) -	33,910,283,403,925 4,223,915,829,788 (11,773,463,322) - (4,227,934,479) (5,840,692,090)
Closing balance	4,492,132,797,866	31,703,584,396,318	1,889,184,570,140	26,323,054,500	1,132,324,998	38,112,357,143,822
<b>Net book value</b> Opening balance Closing balance	3,874,723,670,114 13,342,834,585,661	7,322,352,251,769 48,030,641,728,096	1,910,178,212,302 4,742,883,123,991	29,516,298,227 28,135,054,100	4,022,489,905 5,009,697,877	13,140,792,922,317 66,149,504,189,725

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### Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### Form B 09 - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

Included in tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND1,364,690,088,014 which were fully depreciated as of 31 December 2015 (1/1/2015: VND262,604,661,974), but which are still in active use.

### 11. Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights VND	Software VND	Copyright of technology transfer VND	Total VND
Cost				
Opening balance Additions Transfer from construction	64,452,359,739 -	1,863,487,802 39,550,875	3,770,891,148	70,086,738,689 39,550,875
in progress (note 12)	-	9,090,483,494	_	9,090,483,494
Closing balance	64,452,359,739	10,993,522,171	3,770,891,148	79,216,773,058
Accumulated amortization				
Opening balance Charge for the year	4,138,892,272 984,269,873	766,489,195 497,550,288	2,684,480,765 408,226,920	7,589,862,232 1,890,047,081
Closing balance	5,123,162,145	1,264,039,483	3,092,707,685	9,479,909,313
Net book value				
Opening balance Closing balance	60,313,467,467 59,329,197,594	1,096,998,607 9,729,482,688	1,086,410,383 678,183,463	62,496,876,457 69,736,863,745

Included in intangible fixed assets were assets costing VND606,628,866 which were fully amortised as of 31 December 2015 (1/1/2015: VND606,628,866), but which are still in use.

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### Form **B** 09 – DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 12. Construction in progress

2015 VND	2014 VND
56,899,257,645,196	41,101,445,817,217
	30,376,204,260,389
· · · ·	
	(2,435,242,799,974)
	-
(370,277,002,393)	(380,030,566,124)
2,623,543,802,603	56,899,257,645,196
31/12/2015	1/1/2015
VND	VND
1,023,884,297,980	27,580,942,083,512
925,047,930,443	24,575,165,834,062
412,469,077,282	296,350,737,496
259,888,105,390	3,660,614,342,492
-	781,915,719,273
2,254,391,508	4,268,928,361
2,623,543,802,603	56,899,257,645,196
	VND 56,899,257,645,196 3,746,593,132,039 678,364,588,158 (57,200,965,572,868) (9,090,483,494) (1,120,338,504,035) (370,277,002,393) 2,623,543,802,603 31/12/2015 VND 1,023,884,297,980 925,047,930,443 412,469,077,282 259,888,105,390 2,254,391,508

During the year, borrowing costs capitalised into construction in progress amounted to VND678,365 (2014: VND2,004,203).

Future assets forming from construction in progress are used to secure the loan (note 16(b)).

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### Form **B** 09 – **D**N

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

### 13. Accounts payable to suppliers

	31/12/2015 Cost VND	1/1/2015 Cost VND
<b>Related parties</b> Vietnam Electricity	157,314,832,070	953,294,760
Others	5,202,498,059	2,976,985,733
Third parties Petrovietnam Gas South East Transmission Company Shanghai Electric Group Company Hyundai Engineering & Construction Company Others	1,639,257,139,726 1,519,970,146,668 1,314,517,829,383 929,906,401,585	2,293,143,509,537 2,503,142,877,099 2,057,490,987,315 821,101,719,673
	5,566,168,847,491	7,678,809,374,117
Amount within payment capacity	5,566,168,847,491	7,678,809,374,117

The balance as at 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2015 are not overdue.

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Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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# 14. Taxes payable to/receivable from State Treasury

(a) Taxes and other payables to State Treasury

	1/1/2015	Incurred	Paid	Reclassification	31/12/2015
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Value added tax	103,506,022,649	865,118,915,887	(905,601,608,283)	17,216,281,500	80,239,611,753
Withholding tax	225,014,607	34,605,992,367	(27,282,776,183)	-	7,548,230,791
Import-export tax	-	14,120.238.545	(14.120,238.545)	-	-
Natural resource taxes	14,565,592,130	184,849,269,225	(179,436,901,179)	-	19,977,960,176
Corporate income tax	38,755,924,228	478,606,367	(79,564,639,589)	40,794,184,451	464,075,457
Personal income tax Duty and fees - fees for forest environmental services	2,409,221,038 11,729,977,440	12,037,002,934 37,531,462,944	(12,798,900,999) (42,425,100,384)	1 1	2,301,926,340,000 6,836,340,000
Land and housing taxes, land rental Other taxes	1 1	6,145,581,939 12,027,000	(6,355,208,889) (12,027,000)	209,626,950 -	1 1
	171,251,752,692	1,155,499,700,208	1,155,499,700,208 (1,267,597,401,051)	58,220,092,901	117,374,144,750

## (b) Taxes and other receivables from State Treasury

31/12/2015 VND	17,263,138,504 40,794,792,996 209,626,950	58,267,558,450
Reclassification VND	17,216,281,500 40,794,184,451 209,626,950	58,220,092,901
Received VND		1
Incurred VND	1 1 1	,
1/1/2015 VND	46,857,004 608,545 -	47,465,549
	Value added tax Corporate income tax Land and housing taxes, land rental	

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Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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### 15. Other payables

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Related parties		
Vietnam Electricity	498,148,789,015	122,809,726,828
Others	19,443,867,919	10,582,688,799
Third parties		
Estimated value added tax	151,562,350,386	217,174,574,817
Srepok 3 Hydropower Joint Stock Company	-	613,267,623,287
Others	20,096,873,459	56,163,590,638
	689,251,880,779	1,019,998,204,369

### 16. Borrowings

### (a) Short-term borrowings

	1/1/2015 VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	31/12/2015 VND
Short-term borrowings Current portion of long-term	400,000,000,000	-	(400,000,000,000)	-
borrowings (note 16(b))	6,884,253,550,749	3,291,345,014,166	(6,884,253,550,749)	3,291,345,014,166
	7,284,253,550,749	3,291,345,014,166	(7,284,253,550,749)	3,291,345,014,166
Amount within repayment capacity	7,284,253,550,749	_		3,291,345,014,166

### (b) Long-term borrowings

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Long-term borrowings	67,735,649,728,295	61,539,912,873,343
Repayable within twelve months	(3,291,345,014,166)	(6,884,253,550,749)
Repayable after twelve months	64,444,304,714,129	54,655,659,322,594

### Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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Terms and conditions of outstanding long-term borrowings were as follows:

	Currency	Year of naturity	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Loans from organisations				
Mong Duong Thermal Power Project Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank – Thang Long Brach Vietnam Electricity	VND VND	2025 2018	143,294,202,256 599,000,000,000	- 599,000,000,000
Vinh Tan 2 Thermal Power Project Vietnam Development Bank – Transact Center I Vietnam Electricity Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreig Trade of Vietnam	VND VND	2024 2018 2025	2,548,769,979,856 374,000,000,000 2,190,781,573,344	- 374,000,000,000
Vinh Tan 4 Thermal Power Project Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietna: Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Forei Trade of Vietnam		2029 2029	2,338,883,568,274 1,167,134,660,567	2,134,864,479,902 891,221,087,771
Vinh Tan Coal Terminal Project Vietnam Development Bank – Transact Center I	ion VND	2024	553,230,020,144	-
Buon Kuop Hydropower Project Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank – Ha Noi Branch Vietnam Electricity	VND VND	2025 2018	185,000,000,000 178,000,000,000	- 178,000,000,000
<i>Buon Tua Srah Hydropower Project</i> Vietnam Electricity	VND	2018	338,000,000,000	338,000,000,000
Srepok 3 Hydropower Project Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank – Ha Noi Branch Vietnam Electricity	k VND VND	2025 2018	185,000,000,000 202,000,000,000	
Project of electrical resistance installat in Southern region to reduce short circu National Power Transmission Corporat	uit	2017	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000

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	Currency	Year of maturity	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Loans from Vietnam Electricity				
<i>Mong Duong Thermal Power Project</i> Asian Development Bank Asian Development Bank Export-Import Bank of Korea Bonds	USD USD USD VND	2032 2034 2028 2015	470,921,021,851 17,231,947,165,625 10,955,373,163,664	457,042,891,878 16,183,665,844,538 7,664,165,713,170 150,000,000,000
Vinh Tan 2 Thermal Power Project Export-Import Bank of China Export-Import Bank of China Export-Import Bank of China Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Forei Trade of Vietnam Vietnam Development Bank Bonds	USD CNY USD gn VND VND VND	2015	6,186,010,169,010 2,026,195,834,393 8,957,320,563,579	5,867,652,946,470 2,046,269,653,180 7,068,466,839,401 2,199,629,474,880 2,698,714,818,041 31,941,066,865
Buon Kuop Hydropower Project Japan Bank for International Cooperatio Japan Bank for International Cooperatio Credit Agricole Corporate and Investme Bank Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rura Development Bonds	on JPY ent USD		108,894,686,576 78,451,727,103 112,562,875,656 540,518,838,667	111,231,238,167 79,333,713,873 213,539,865,264 804,841,313,023 100,000,000,000
Buon Tua Srah Hydropower Project Export-Import Bank of China Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank Bonds	USD VND VND VND	2017	178,072,813,166 194,793,045,965 117,397,948,942 100,000,000,000	202,690,155,167 250,394,167,823 195,663,248,236 290,000,000,000
Srepok 3 Hydropower Project Credit Agricole Corporate and Investme Bank Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Forei Trade of Vietnam Bonds	USD		378,461,884,374 774,791,627,761	430,781,637,334 996,160,653,761 25,000,000,000
Phu My Thermal Power Project Japan Bank for International Cooperation Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Forein Trade of Vietnam World Bank Bonds		2028 2015 2015 2015	5,278,533,404,202	5,337,876,864,952 184,968,819,854 67,567,221,483 1,124,524,127

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	Currency	Year of maturity	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Vinh Tan Power Center Coal Terminal Project Export-Import Bank of China Export-Import Bank of China Vietnam Development Bank Bonds	USD USD VND VND	2026 2026 2015 2015	575,759,847,932 2,416,549,105,388 -	546,128,906,335 1,983,870,344,450 553,230,020,144 745,597,036
Vinh Tan Power Center Infrastructure Project Bonds	VND	2015	67,735,649,728,295	30,129,766,218 61,539,912,873,343

All assets formed from the above projects are used to secure the corresponding borrowings.

Interest rate of borrowings dominated in USD is ranging from 0.45% to 6.9% per annum.

Interest rate of borrowings dominated in VND is ranging from 6.7% đến 10.5% per annum.

Interest rate of borrowings dominated in JPY is ranging from 1.66% dén 2.5% per annum.

Interest rate of borrowings dominated in CNY is 3.2% per annum.

					(Issued un dated 22 Deceml	ider Circular No. ber 2014 of the M	Form B 09 – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)
Changes in owners' equity							
	Contributed capital Other capi VND VND	Other capital VND	Foreign exchange differences VND	Investment and development fund VND	Retained profits VND	Capital expenditure fund VND	Total VND
<b>Balance at 1 January 2014</b> Addition of capital during the year Take-over to Vietnam Electricity	12,400,642,458,755 721,596,120 (1,913,708,180,829)	1 1 1	(514,824,732,641) - 9,328,629,723	68,097,021,981 (40,968,620) -	4,993,560,386 - (4,542,544,190)	204,576,931,617 - (200,201,000,000)	204,576,931,617 12,163,485,240,098 - 680,627,500 (200,201,000,000) (2,109,123,095,296)
Foreign exchange differences during construction in progress Net profit for the year Reclassification Appropriation to equity funds Profit transferred to Vietnam Electricity Other adjustments			(305,446,494,337) - - -	- - 56,770,103,946 331,776,121	- 191,305,112,737 - (118,781,687,446) (70,451,992,374) 173,526,144	- 106,217,495,985 -	(305,446,494,337) 191,305,112,737 - (62,011,583,500) (70,451,992,374) 505,302,265
Balance at 1 January 2015	10,487,655,874,046	2	(810,942,597,255)	18,940,437,443	2,695,975,257	110,593,427,602	9,808,943,117,093
Take-over of Thu Duc Thermal Power One- member Limited Company from Power Generation Corporation 2 (i) Addition of capital during the year Transfer to Vietnam Electricity Reclassification Profit transferred to Vietnam Electricity Foreign exchange differences Net profit for the year Appropriation to investment and development fund Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds Other adjustments	96,728,456,859 1,566,487,5 1,271,458,000 (25,900,004,049) 1,705,055,583 - -	1,566,487,558 - - - -	- (25,181,627,228) - - (2,480,352,971,176) -	16,178,490,841 - - (1,142,186,802) - - 31,687,481,049 -	- - - (2,659,523,292) - 104,289,249,423 (31,687,481,049) (71,792,954,348) (845,265,991)	1,705,055,583 - 2,286,886,748 - -	116,178,490,841 1,271,458,000 (51,081,631,277) 2,849,755,529 (2,480,352,971,176) 104,289,249,423 104,289,249,423 (71,792,954,348) (845,265,991)
Balance at 31 December 2015	10,561,460,840,439	1,566,487,558	(3,316,477,195,659)	65,664,222,531	3	114,585,369,933	7,426,799,724,802

The Corporation took over Thu Duc Thermal Power One-member Limited Company as a subsidiary from Power Generation Corporation 2 in accordance with Decision No. 223/QD-EVN of Vietnam Elecuricity. Ξ

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**Power Generation Corporation 3** 

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### 18. Contributed capital

The Corporation's authorised legal capital has been fully contributed by Vietnam Electricity.

Movements in contributed legal capital during the year were as follows:

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Balance at beginning of the year	10,487,655,874,046	12,400,642,458,755
Addition of capital during the year	1,271,458,000	721,596,120
Take-over of Thu Duc Thermal Power One-member		
Limited Company from Power Generation		•
Corporation 2	96,728,456,859	-
Transfer to Vietnam Electricity	(25,900,004,049)	(1,913,708,180,829)
Reclassification	1,705,055,583	-
Balance at end of the year	10,561,460,840,439	10,487,655,874,046

The immediate and ultimate parent company, Vietnam Electricity, is incorporated in Vietnam.

### 19. Profit distribution

Under the provisions of Article 29 Decree No. 82/2014/ND-CP of the Government, the remaining profits after appropriation to funds will be remitted to Business Support and Development Fund or State Budget. In 2015, the Corporation transferred the remaining profit in 2014 to Vietnam Electricity in accordance with Official Letter No. 4716/EVN-TCKT dated 10 November 2015 through the financial statement in 2014 amounting to VND2,660 million (2014: the profit transferred to Vietnam Electricity was VND70,452 million).

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# 20. Off balance sheet items

#### (a) Lease

As at 31 December 2015, the future minimum lease payments under operating leases were:

	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Within one year	5,965,683,038	5,965,683,038
Within two to five years More than five years	23,862,732,152 205,405,497,779	23,862,732,152 211,371,180,817
	235,233,912,969	241,199,596,007

Operating lease commitments represented land rental at Phu My Town, Tan Thanh District, Ba Ria – Vung Tau Province, Vietnam for 38 years from 26 November 2012 and 3 parcels of land at Vinh Tan Commune, Tuy Phong District, Binh Thuan Province, Vietnam for 70 years from 28 November 2013.

#### (b) Foreign currencies

	31/1	2/2015	1/1/	2015
	Original currency	VND equivalent	Original currency	VND equivalent
USD	38,292.90	859,689,573	37,141.86	793,119,818

#### (c) Investment commitments

As at 31 December 2015, in accordance with the approved construction plan, the Corporation will invest VND8,186,719 million to build power plants and other works (as at 1/1/2015: VND18,737,025 million).

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# 21. Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Sales of electricity Sales of other services	25,446,319,495,781 50,547,703,696	23,537,082,155,509 32,698,456,957
	25,496,867,199,477	23,569,780,612,466

# 22. Cost of sales

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Cost of electricity Cost of other services	23,223,673,229,859 29,426,350,354	21,667,286,576,627 28,855,130,805
	23,253,099,580,213	21,696,141,707,432

# 23. Financial income

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Interest income from deposits	25,676,317,797	31,743,911,495
Dividends	205,092,297,000	57,357,162,275
Foreign exchange gains due to payments	3,852,191,628	14,505,348,757
Foreign exchange gains due to revaluation	-	744,183,358,615
	234,620,806,425	847,789,781,142

# 24. Financial expenses

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Interest expense Foreign exchange losses due to payments	1,709,696,234,008 72,214,534,826	1,146,659,420,142 27,165,910,107
Foreign exchange losses due to revaluation	401,565,731,075	1,182,711,511,586

2,183,476,499,909

2,356,536,841,835

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# 25. General and administration expenses

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Labour costs and staff costs	97,376,369,064	99,088,266,012
Outside services	13,994,335,099	11,907,048,633
Other expenses	60,328,454,732	36,886,065,625
	171,699,158,895	147,881,380,270

# 26. Production and business costs by element

		2015 VND	2014 VND
	Raw material costs Labour costs and staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Outside services Overhaul expenses Other expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 17,382,737,850,257\\ 308,663,454,666\\ 4,190,834,616,605\\ 248,046,604,088\\ 967,281,217,289\\ 327,234,996,203 \end{array}$	$16,477,645,999,494 \\ 255,905,612,808 \\ 3,216,975,948,603 \\ 44,799,984,898 \\ 1,422,200,210,031 \\ 426,495,331,868$
27.	Income tax		
( <b>a</b> )	Recognised in the statement of income		
		2015 VND	2014 VND
	<b>Current tax expense</b> Current year	478,606,367	38,996,679,478

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## (b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	2015 VND	2014 VND
Accounting profit before tax	104,767,855,790	230,301,792,215
Tax at the Corporation's tax rate Non-deductible expenses	23,048,928,274 1,363,077,776	50,666,394,287 950,899,795
Non-taxable income	(45,120,305,340)	(12,620,614,604)
Deferred tax assets not recognised	19,260,823,324	-
Effect of change in tax rate	1,926,082,333	-
	478,606,367	38,996,679,478

## (c) Applicable tax rates

Under the current Income Tax Law, the Corporation has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the rate of 22% of taxable profits in 2014 and 2015, and will reduce to 20% from 2016.

# 28. Financial instruments

### (a) Financial risk management

### (i) Overview

The Corporation has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk;
- liquidity risk; and
- market risk.

This note presents information about the Corporation's exposure to each of the above risks, the Corporation's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Corporation's Chairman oversees how management monitors compliance with the Corporation's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Corporation.

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### (ii) Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Corporation's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Corporation's risk management policies.

The Corporation's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Corporation, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Corporation's activities. The Corporation, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

## (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Corporation if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Corporation's cash in banks and cash equivalents, held-to-maturity investments, receivables from customers and other short-term receivables.

### Exposure to credit risk

The total of carrying amounts of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	Note	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	728,987,221,090	1,863,594,920,991
Held-to-maturity investments	(i)	230,000,000,000	430,000,000,000
Accounts receivable from customers and other receivables	(ii)	8,266,207,256,371	2,168,255,937,780
		9,225,194,477,461	4,461,850,858,771

### (i) Cash and cash equivalents and held-to-maturity investments

The cash and cash equivalents and held-to-maturity investments of the Corporation are mainly held with well-known financial institutions. Management does not foresee any significant credit risks from these deposits and does not expect that these financial institutions may default and cause losses to the Corporation.

## (ii) Accounts receivable from customers and other receivables

Accounts receivable from customers and other receivables of the Corporation that are mainly receivables from customers, receivables from project investment for Vietnam Electricity and accrued interest on term deposits at banks.

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Receivables from customers and receivables from project investment for Vietnam Electricity, are mainly related to receivables from related parties within Vietnam Electricity's Group. Historical recovery of receivables from these parties is within acceptable time frame. Due to these factors, the Board of Directors believes that the Corporation's exposure to credit risk related to receivables from customers is relatively small.

There were no impairments of receivables as at 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2015.

### (c) Liquidity risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Corporation's reputation.

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The financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments have the following contractual maturities excluding the estimated interest payments:

31/12/2015	Carrying amount VND	Contractual cash flows VND	Within 1 year VND	2 – 5 years VND	More than 5 years VND
Accounts payable to suppliers Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Other payables Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings	5,566,168,847,491 127,090,735,196 57,893,608,251 689,251,880,779 3,291,345,014,166 64,444,304,714,129	5,566,168,847,491 127,090,735,196 57,893,608,251 689,251,880,779 3,291,345,014,166 64,444,304,714,129	5,566,168,847,491 127,090,735,196 57,893,608,251 689,251,880,779 3,291,345,014,166	- - - 20,834,249,518,532	- - - 43,610,055,195,597
. и	74,176,054,800,012	74,176,054,800,012	9,731,750,085,883	20,834,249,518,532	43,610,055,195,597
1/1/2015	Carrying amount VND	Contractual cash flows VND	Within 1 year VND	2 – 5 years VND	More than 5 years VND
Accounts payable to suppliers Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Other payables Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings	7,678,809,374,117 143,310,351,598 46,226,524,492 1,019,998,204,369 7,284,253,550,749 54,655,659,322,594	7,678,809,374,117 143,310,351,598 46,226,524,492 1,019,998,204,369 7,284,253,550,749 54,655,659,322,594	7,678,809,374,117 143,310,351,598 46,226,524,492 1,019,998,204,369 7,284,253,550,749	- - - 16,564,757,772,684	- - 38,090,901,549,910
. ,	70,828,257,327,919	70,828,257,327,919 16,172,598,005,325	16,172,598,005,325	16,564,757,772,684	38,090,901,549,910

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### (d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Corporation's results of operations or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

## (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Corporation is exposed to currency risk on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the respective accounting currency of the Corporation, Vietnam Dong ("VND"). The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated are United States Dollars ("USD"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), Chinese Yuan ("CNY"), Korea Won ("KRW"), Euro ("EUR") and Swiss Franc ("CHF").

The Corporation's exposure to currency risk is managed by keeping the exposure to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term over-exposures.

### Exposure to currency risk

The Corporation had the following net monetary liability positions exposed to currency risk:

	31/12/2015				
	USD	JPY	CNY	EUR	CHF
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts payable to suppliers and other payable: Short-term and long-term borrowings	38,293 (218,242,187) (2,105,722,210)	- (309,558,247) (29,095,495,677)	- (5,722,766) (599,934,811)	- (455,727) -	- (372,510) -

(2,323,926,104) (29,405,053,924) (605,657,577) (455,727) (372,510)

		1/1	/2015		
	USD	JPY	CNY	EUR	CHF
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts payable to	37,142	-	-		-
suppliers and other payable: Short-term and long-term	(240,100,451) (2,014,507,513)	(197,937,987) (31,429,458,880)	(5,722,766) (599,934,811)	-	(20,782)
borrowings				-	
	(2,254,570,822)	(31,627,396,867)	(605,657,577)	-	(20,782)

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The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:

	Exchange r	Exchange rate as at		
	31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND		
1 USD	22,540.00	21,380.00		
1 JPY	187.86	175.90		
1 CNY	3,377.36	3,410.82		
1 EUR	24,730.00	25,542.36		
1 CHF	22,880.00	21,499.00		

Below is an analysis of the possible impact on the net profit before tax of the Corporation, after taking into account the current level of exchange rates and the historical volatility as well as market expectations at the reporting date. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

Effect to net profit before tax VND
(2,619,064,890,997)
(386,682,118,900)
20,455,236,096
337,549,096
(510,224,244)
(482,053,921,732)
(55,632,591,090)
(20,657,889,792)
(3,916,748)

The opposite movement of the currencies would have the equal but opposite effect to the net profit before tax of the Corporation.

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#### (ii) Interest rate risk

•

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Corporation's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	amount
31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
203,000,000,000	6,000,000,000
230,000,000,000	430,000,000,000
(14,531,918,482,382)	(14,972,660,473,727)
(14,098,918,482,382)	(14,536,660,473,727)
525,987,221,090	1,857,594,920,991
(53,203,731,245,913)	(46,967,252,399,616)
(52,677,744,024,823)	(45,109,657,478,625)
	VND 203,000,000,000 230,000,000 (14,531,918,482,382) (14,098,918,482,382) 525,987,221,090 (53,203,731,245,913)

#### Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates would have increased or decreased the net profit before tax of the Corporation by VND368,704,413,520 (2014: VND79,430,859,048). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

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### (e) Fair values

#### (i) Carrying amounts

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities shown in the separate balance sheet were as follows:

		Carrying amount	
		31/12/2015 VND	1/1/2015 VND
Financial assets			
Categorised as loans and receivables:			
<ul> <li>Cash and cash equivalents</li> </ul>	(*)	729,919,588,667	1,864,418,585,340
<ul> <li>Accounts receivable from customers and</li> </ul>	<i>.</i>		
other receivables	(*)	8,266,219,256,371	2,168,267,937,780
Categorised as held-to-maturity investments			
<ul> <li>Held-to-maturity investments</li> </ul>	(*)	230,000,000,000	430,000,000,000
		9,226,138,845,038	4,462,686,523,120
Financial liabilities			
Categorised as financial liabilities at amortised			
cost:			
Accounts payable to suppliers	(*)	(5,566,168,847,491)	(7,678,809,374,117)
<ul> <li>Payables to employees</li> </ul>	(*)	(127,090,735,196)	(143,310,351,598)
<ul> <li>Accrued expenses</li> </ul>	(*)	(57,893,608,251)	(46,226,524,492)
<ul> <li>Other payables</li> </ul>	(*)	(689,251,880,779)	(1,019,998,204,369)
Short-term borrowings	(*)	(3,291,345,014,166)	(7,284,253,550,749)
<ul> <li>Long-term borrowings</li> </ul>	(*)	(64,444,304,714,129)	(54,655,659,322,594)
		(74,176,054,800,012)	(70 828 257 327 919)

#### (ii) Fair values

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date.

(\*) The Corporation has not determined fair values of these financial instruments for disclosure in the consolidated financial statements because information about their market prices is not available and there is currently no guidance on determination of fair value using valuation techniques under the Vietnamese Accounting Standards or the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises. Their fair values of these financial instruments may differ from their carrying amounts.

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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# 29. Significant transactions with related parties

In addition to related party balances disclosed in other notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Corporation had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

	Transaction value 2015 2014 VND VND	
Vietnam Electricity		
Purchases of electricity	240,902,178,000	126,708,801,946
Borrowings during the year	4,388,588,567,669	22,867,232,159,952
Repayments of borrowings during the year	2,434,508,933,429	3,141,205,759,004
Interest on loans	1,433,446,646,315	3,078,850,612,102
Profits distribution	2,659,523,292	70,451,992,374
Trading Electricity Company		
Sales of electricity	25,446,319,495,781	23,537,082,155,509
Power Engineering Consulting Joint Stock Company 2	2	
Purchases of services	32,353,298,347	100,870,163,910
Power Engineering Consulting Joint Stock Company 3	<b>,</b>	
Purchases of services	547,735,561	9,794,839,671
Power Engineering Consulting Joint Stock Company 4	ŀ	
Purchases of services	-	3,491,306,897
EVN Finance Joint Stock Company		
Interest income from deposits	21,306,722,222	25,338,888,889
National Power Transmission Corporation		
Interest on loans	3,235,090,556	3,701,423,055
Information Technology Center		
Purchases of services	741,144,820	2,030,929,461
Electrical Power Testing Center – Southern Power		
Corporation		1 (00 0(7 501
Purchases of services	958,444,796	1,608,067,591
Ba Ria Thermal Power Joint Stock Company		
Purchases of services	121,000,000	267,350,000
Dividend received	48,123,557,000	38,498,845,600
Ninh Binh Thermal Power Joint Stock Company		
Dividend received	12,681,792,000	9,159,072,000

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	Transaction value		
	2015 VND	2014 VND	
Vinh Son - Song Hinh Hydropower Joint Stock Company			
Dividend received (*)	63,016,948,000	63,016,948,000	
Thac Ba Hydropower Joint Stock Company Dividend received	57,150,000,000	35,433,000,000	
Se San 3A Power Investment and Development Joint			
Stock Company			
Dividend received	12,600,000,000	24,360,000,000	
Management Officer			
Salary and bonus	5,058,484,000	4,838,081,000	
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(\*) In 2014, according to the Official Letter No. 15716/BTC-TCDN dated 29 October 2014 guiding on monitoring and accounting of the divided shares of State-owned enterprises with 100% of charter capital, the Corporation reversed dividend income and reduced investment in Vinh Son - Song Hinh Hydropower JSC amounting to VND113,110,703,325. The dividend distributed in 2014 did not include this adjustment.

# **30.** Non-cash investing and financing activities

As of 1 May 2015, the Corporation has transferred Vinh Tan 4 Thermoelectric Plant Project to Vietnam Electricity by reducing the construction in progress and prepayments to suppliers, and reducing capital contribution of Vietnam Electricity to the Corporation amounting to VND6,896,370,403 and by increasing in receivables from Vietnam Electricity amounting to VND3,890,576,415,008 (note 8).

As of 1 January 2015, the Corporation spun off assets and capital of Project Management Unit of Hydropower 5 in accordance with Official Letter No. 1483B/EVN-TCKT dated 20 April 2015 of Vietnam Electricity by reducing the cost and accumulated depreciation of fixed assets and reducing corresponding liabilities and capital.

As of 1 January 2015, the Corporation received Thu Duc Thermal Power One Member Limited Liability Company from Power Generation Corporation 2 in accordance with the decision of Vietnam Electricity by increasing its long-term financial investments and increasing capital.

Payments for purchases of fixed assets and construction in progress during the year did not include VND3,107,021,688,118 (2014: VND3,127,206,914,604) of fixed assets and construction in progress arising during the year and VND24,288,146,499 (2014: VND385,945,140,244) that were interest expenses capitalized into construction in progress and not yet paid.

Notes to the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

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## **31.** Corresponding figures

As described in Note 3, effective from 1 January 2015, the Corporation applied prospectively Circular 200 and Circular 202. As a result, the presentation of certain disclosure in the financial statements has been changed. In addition, certain corresponding figures as at 1 January 2015 and for the year ended 31 December 2014 have been reclassified to conform with the requirements of Circular 200 and Circular 202 related to the presentation of financial statements. A comparison of the amounts previously reported and reclassified was as follows:

#### Separate balance sheet

	1/1/2015 VND (reclassified)	1/1/2015 VND (as previously reported)
Held-to-maturity investments	430,000,000,000	-
Short-term investments	-	430,000,000,000
Other short-term receivables	101,959,222,024	101,111,625,188
Other current assets	_	847,596,836
Other long-term receivables	12,000,000	-
Other long-term assets	-	12,000,000

9 April 2016

Prepared by:

Vu Phuong Thao Preparer

Nguyen Thi Thanh Huong Chief Accountant

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MOT/THÀNH VI TÔNG CÔNG /

Deputy General Director

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